

WORKSHOP
19 octobre 2017

OPENSIM



Welcome!
Bienvenue!



INSTITUT de
BIOMÉCANIQUE HUMAINE
GEORGES CHARPAK



Agenda

8:30 – 9:30	Reception and check OpenSim installation Accueil des participants et vérification des configurations matérielles
9:30 – 9:45	Introducing workshop Discours d'ouverture du Workshop <i>Florent Moissenet</i>
9:45 – 10:00	Musculoskeletal modeling in OpenSim Presentation du project OpenSim <i>Luca Modenese</i>
10:00 – 10:30	Participants' presentations and objectives Attentes de chacun & objectifs du workshop <i>Florent Moissenet</i>
10:45 – 11:00	<i>Coffee Break</i>
11:00 – 12:00	Presentation of OpenSim software Présentation du logiciel Opensim <i>Luca Modenese & Clément Favier</i>
12:00 – 13.00	<i>Lunch</i>

Agenda

13:00 – 13.45	Tutorial 1: import data in OpenSim Tutoriel 1 : Importation des données dans Opensim
13:45 – 14.30	Tutorial 2: model marker set and scaling Tutoriel 2 : Jeu de marqueurs du modèle et mise à l'échelle
14:30 – 14.45	<i>Coffee Break</i>
14:45 – 15.30	Tutorial 3: Inverse Kinematics Tutoriel 3 : Cinématique inverse
15:30 – 16.15	Tutorial 4: Introduction to muscle analysis Tutoriel 4 : Introduction à l'analyse musculaire
16:15 – 17.00	Validation, best practices and assistance on personal projects Validation, bonne pratique et assistance aux projets personnels
17:00 – 17.15	Closing presentation Discours de clôture du Workshop



<https://simtk.org/home/opensim>

<http://opensim.stanford.edu>

Purpose of modeling and simulation

Visualize
complex
movement
patterns

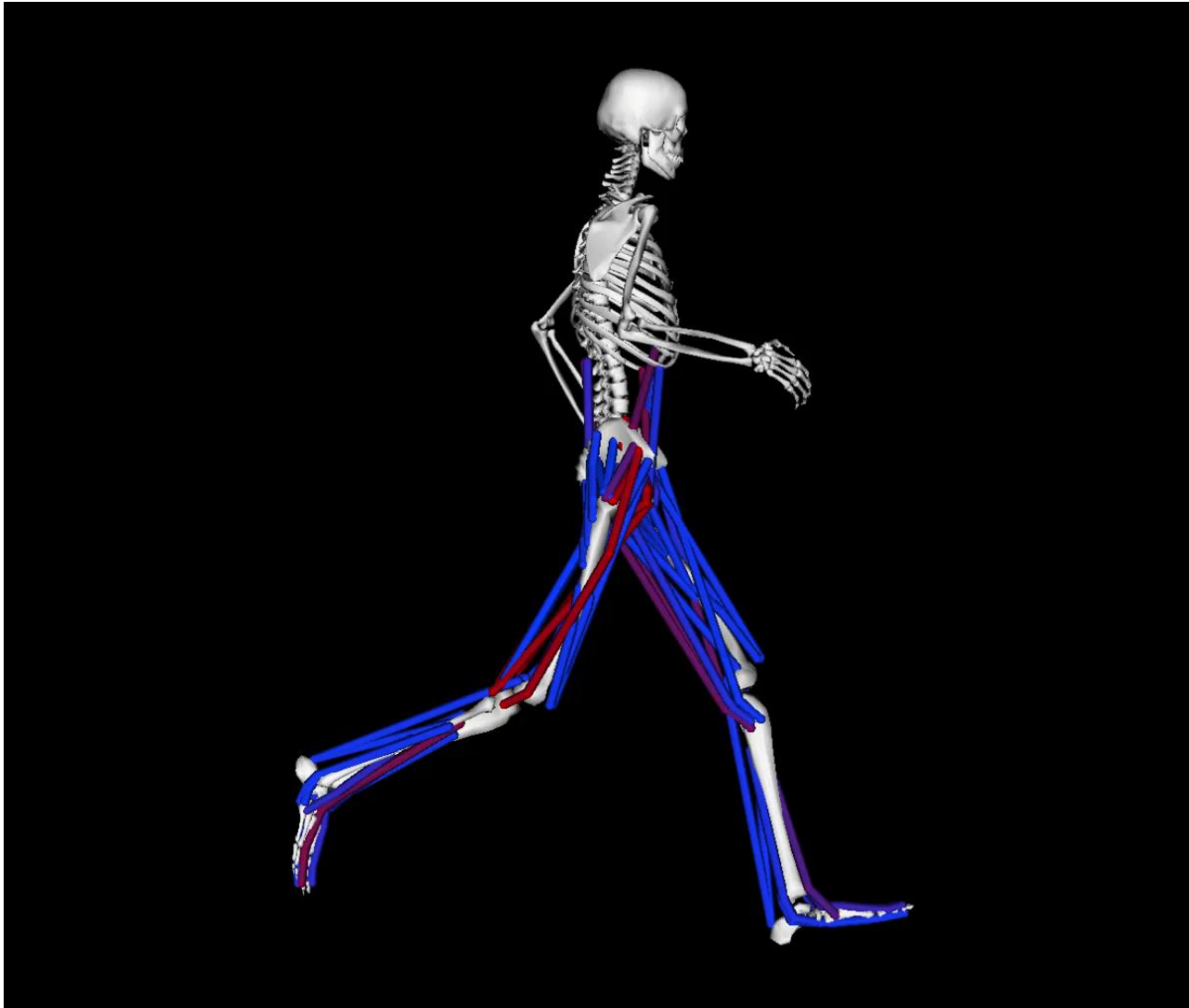
Probe
parameters
that
are difficult
to measure



Perform
“what if”
studies

Identify
cause-effect
relationships

Visualize human running in detail



Purpose of modeling and simulation

Visualize
complex
movement
patterns

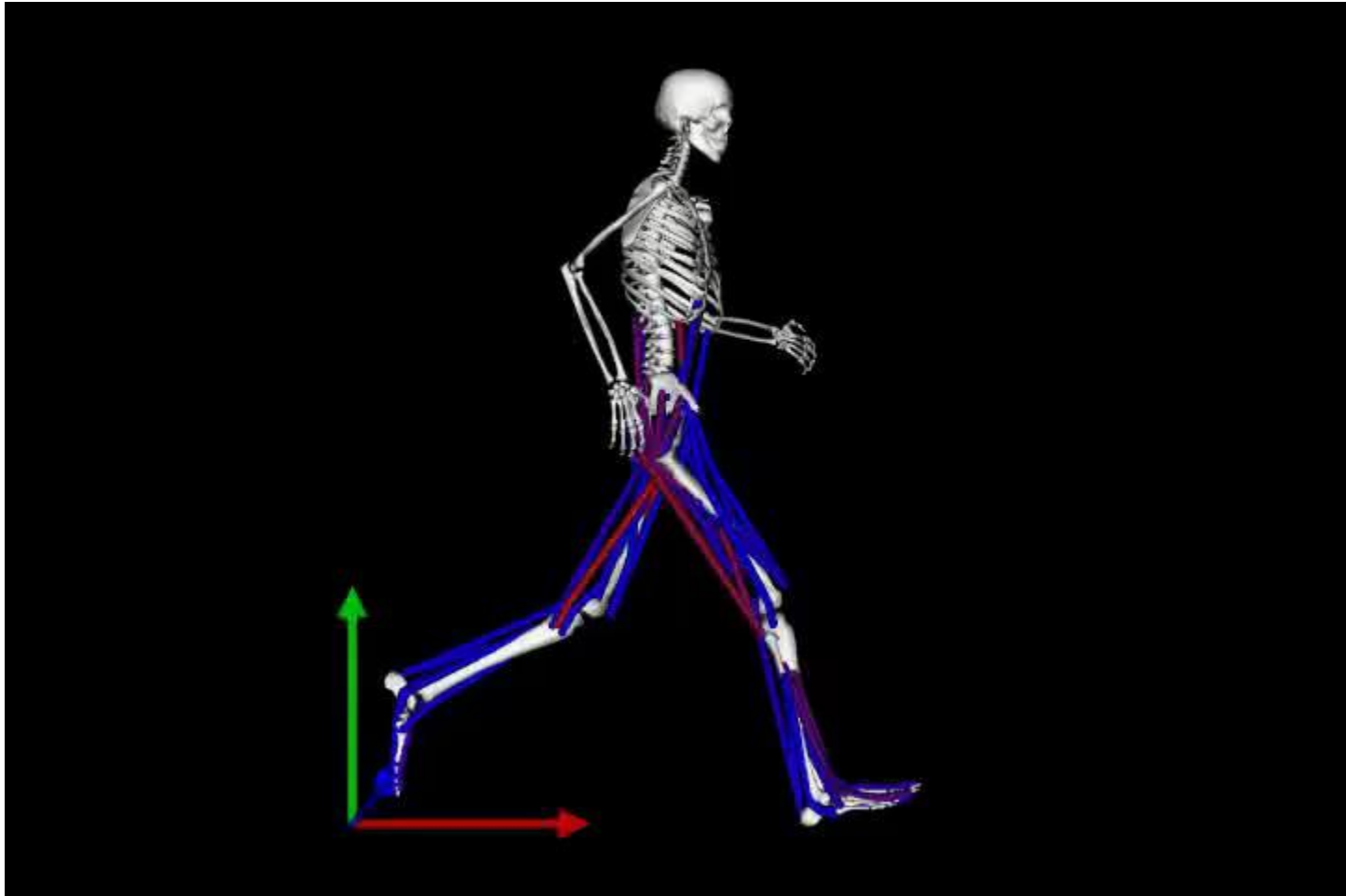
Probe
parameters
that
are difficult
to measure



Perform
“what if”
studies

Identify
cause-effect
relationships

Probe the function of a muscle



Purpose of modeling and simulation

Visualize
complex
movement
patterns

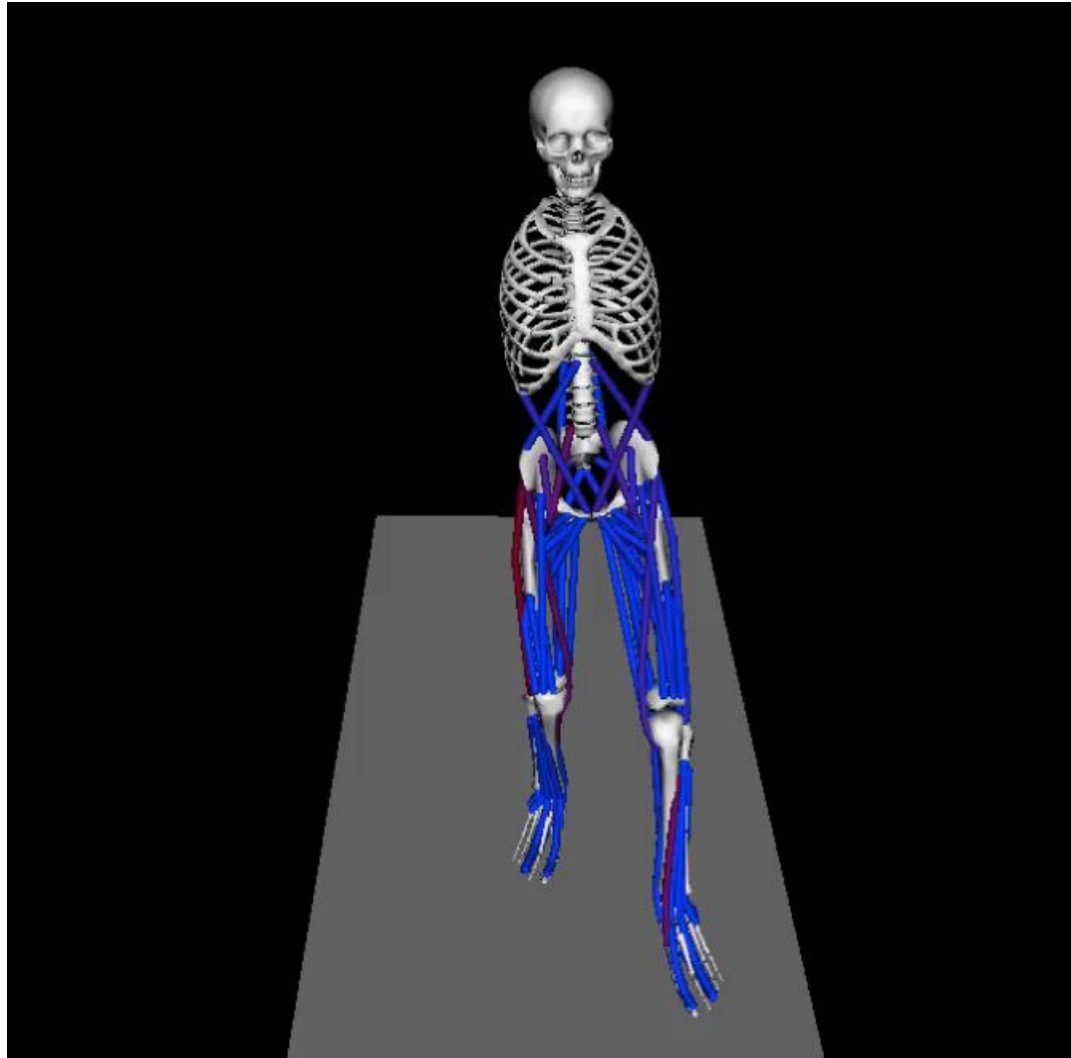
Probe
parameters
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are difficult
to measure



Perform
“what if”
studies

Identify
cause-effect
relationships

Examine causes of crouch gait



Purpose of modeling and simulation

Visualize
complex
movement
patterns

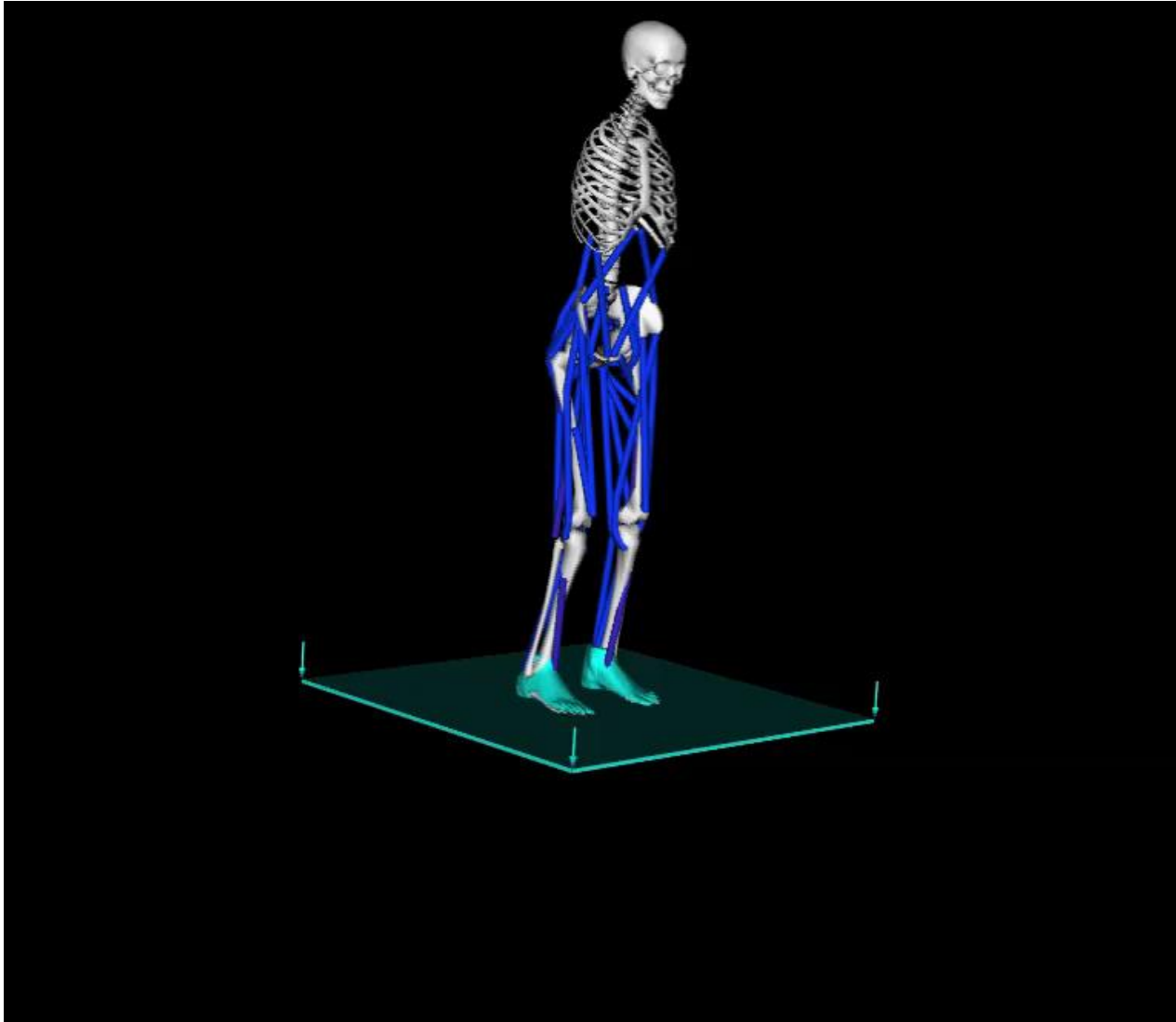
Probe
parameters
that
are difficult
to measure



Perform
“what if”
studies

Identify
cause-effect
relationships

What happens if the floor drops?



Problems with current paradigm

- Difficult to reproduce results of published papers
- Commercial codes valuable but not extensible
- Cost of commercial code limits use in teaching
- Building your own code is a challenge
- Difficult to bring your innovations to the world
- Continuity is lost when students graduate
- Isolation

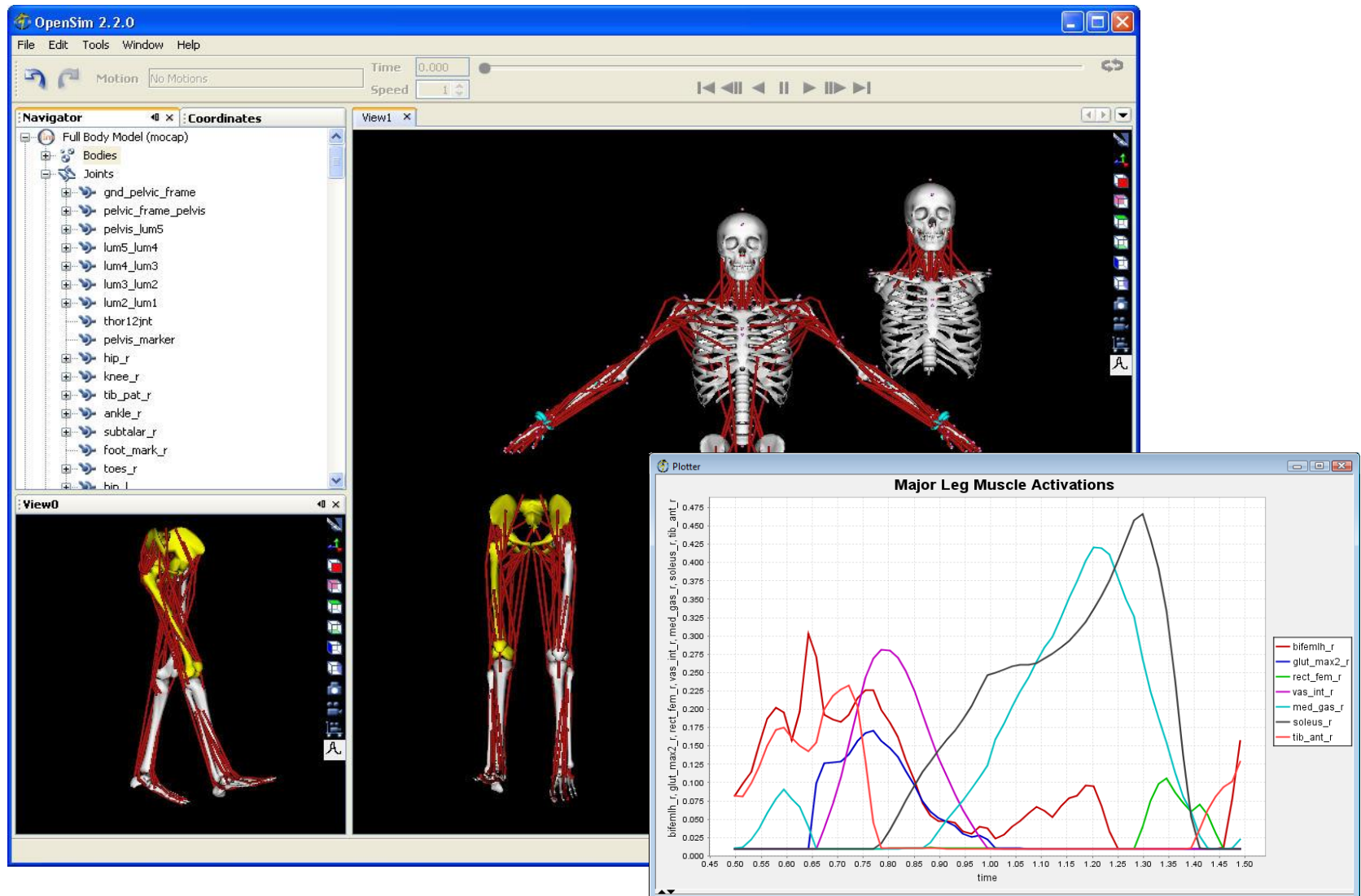
What does OpenSim provide?

- Open access - results can be reproduced
- Extensible - you can add your own features
- Widely available - bring your innovations to the world
- Free - teaching materials
- Access - a community of experts
- Continuity - for your lab

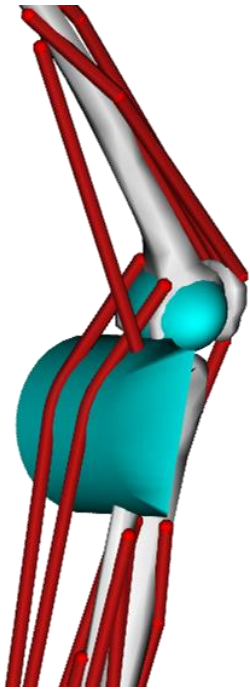
Some OpenSim features

- Standard format for exchanging models
- General purpose inverse dynamics
- Optimization to estimate muscle and joint forces
- Methods to create simulations from motion capture
- Tools to analyze simulations
- A fast and open dynamics engine

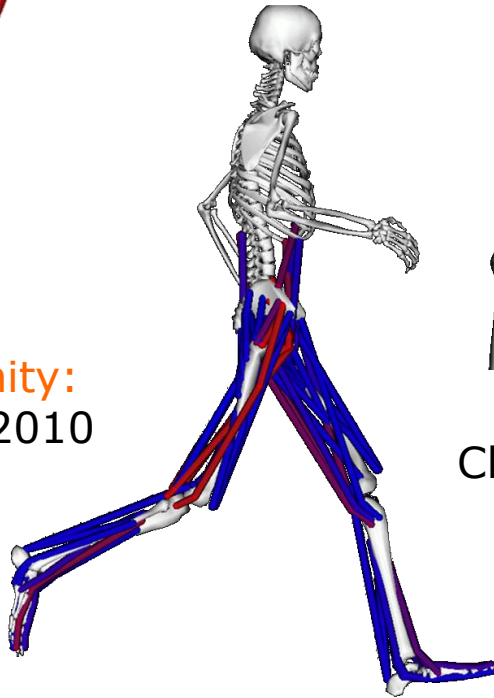
OpenSim is an application



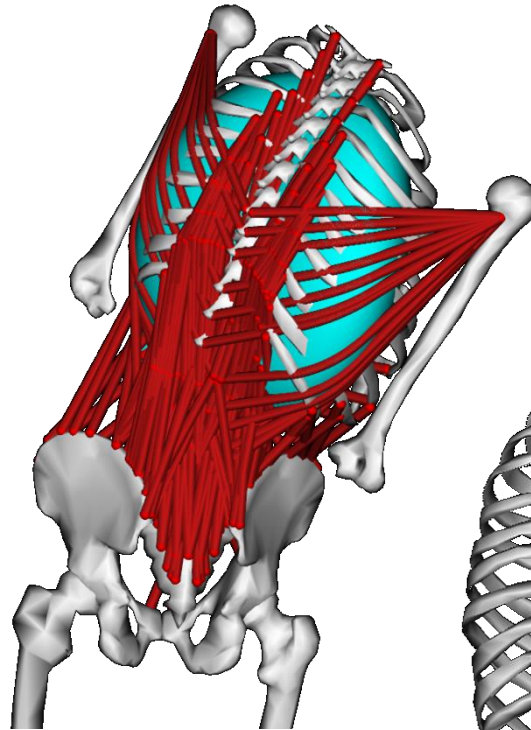
OpenSim is a repository of models



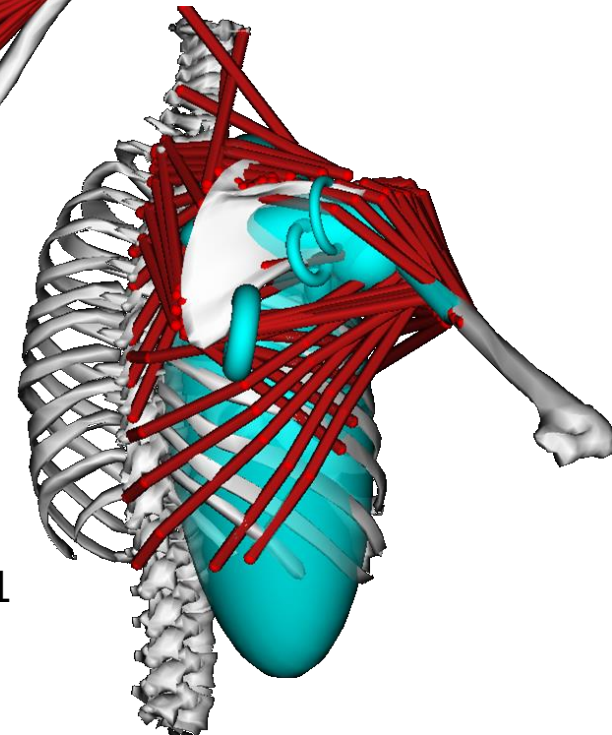
Lower-extremity:
Arnold et al, 2010



Running: Hamner et al, 2010



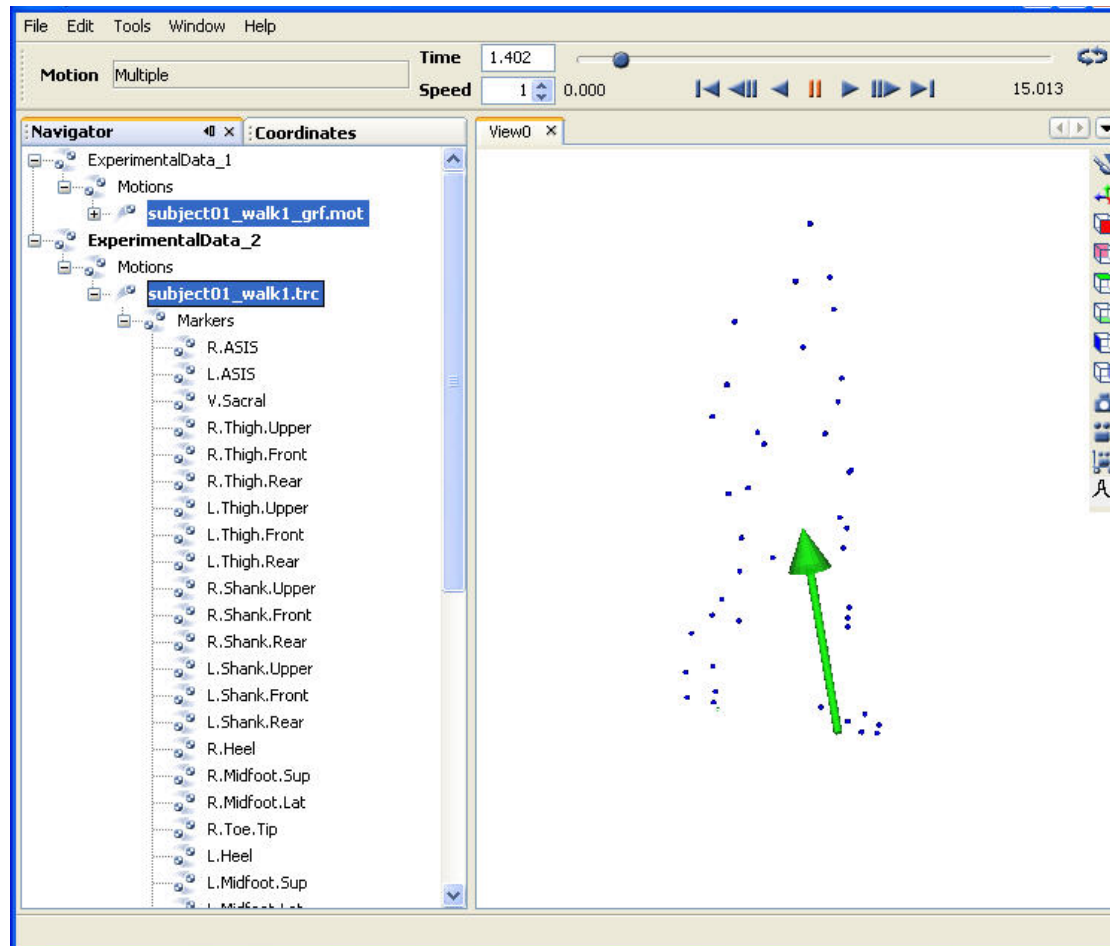
Lumbar-spine:
Christophy et al, 2011



Shoulder:
Matias et al, 2016

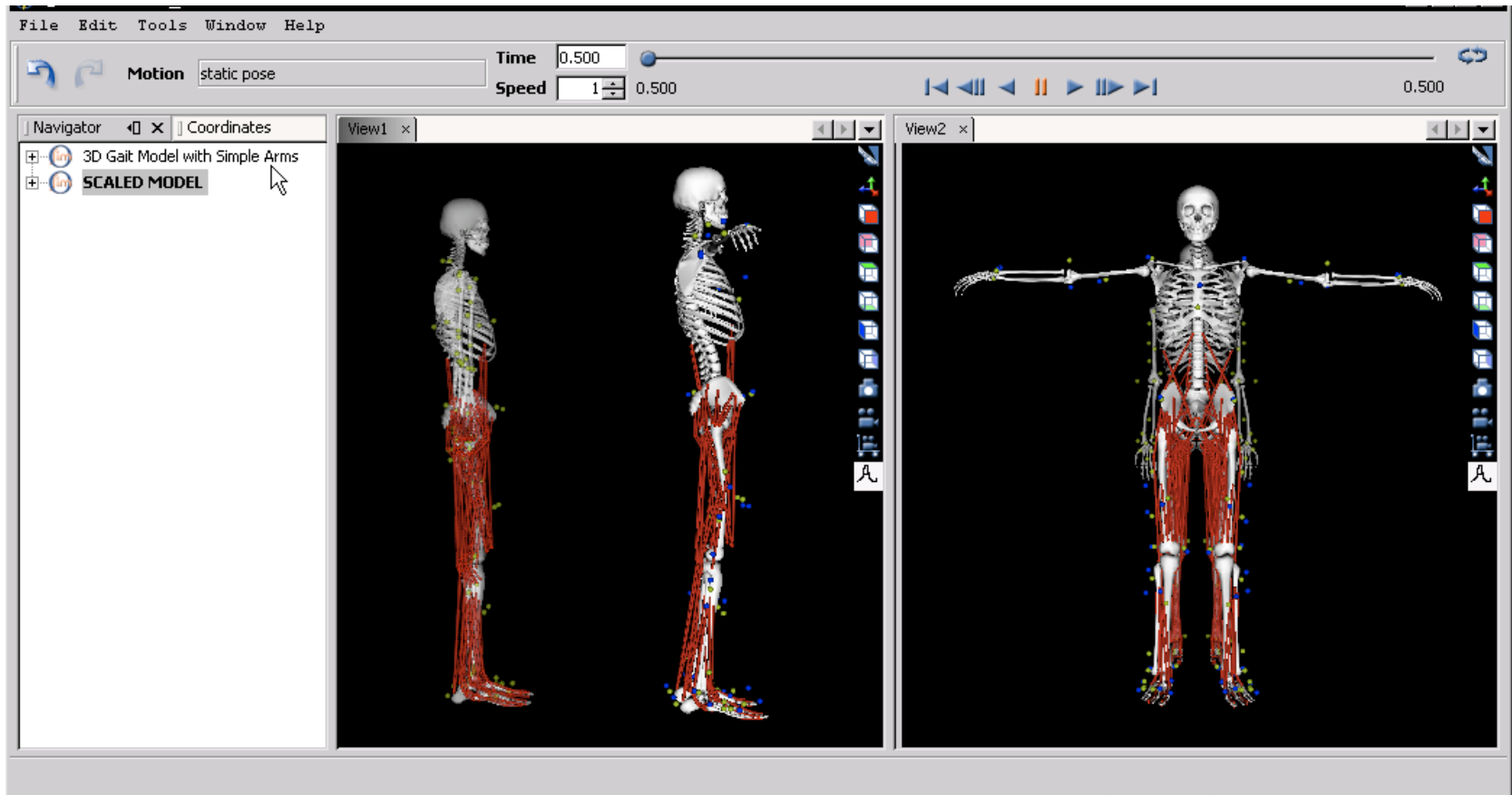
OpenSim is a set of tools

Importing and Previewing Motion Data



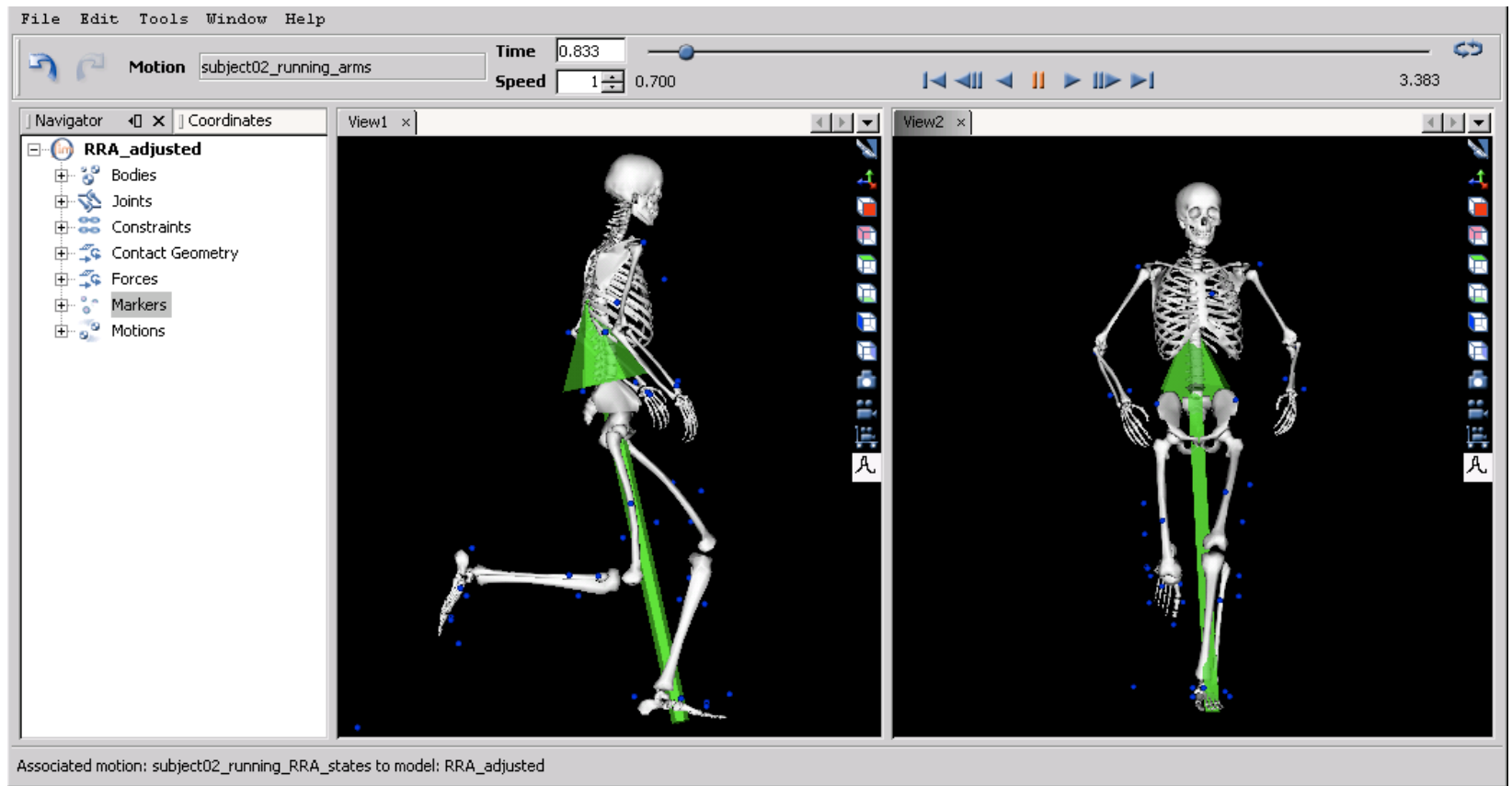
OpenSim is a set of tools

Scaling Musculoskeletal Models



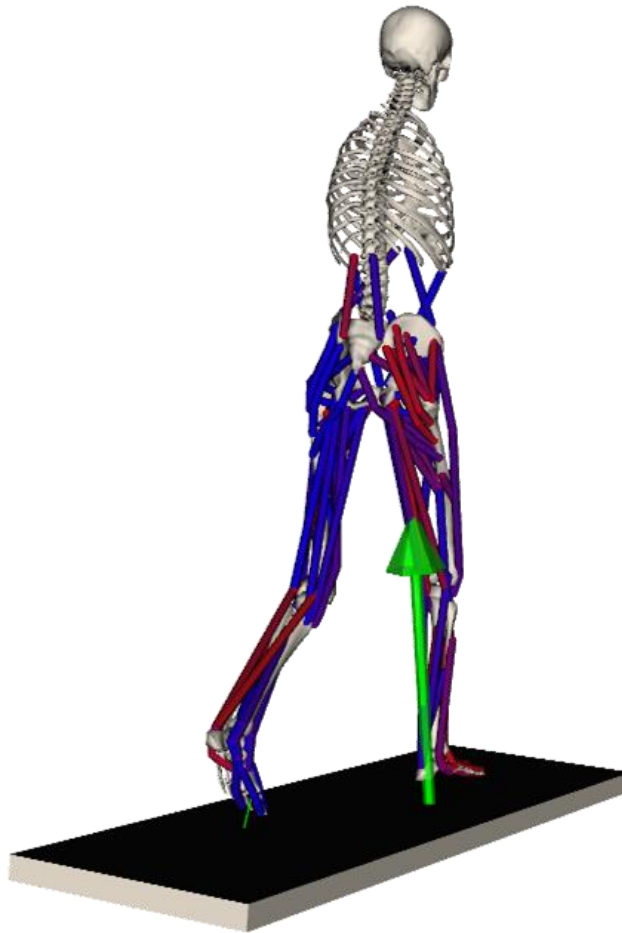
OpenSim is a set of tools

Inverse Kinematics and Inverse Dynamics



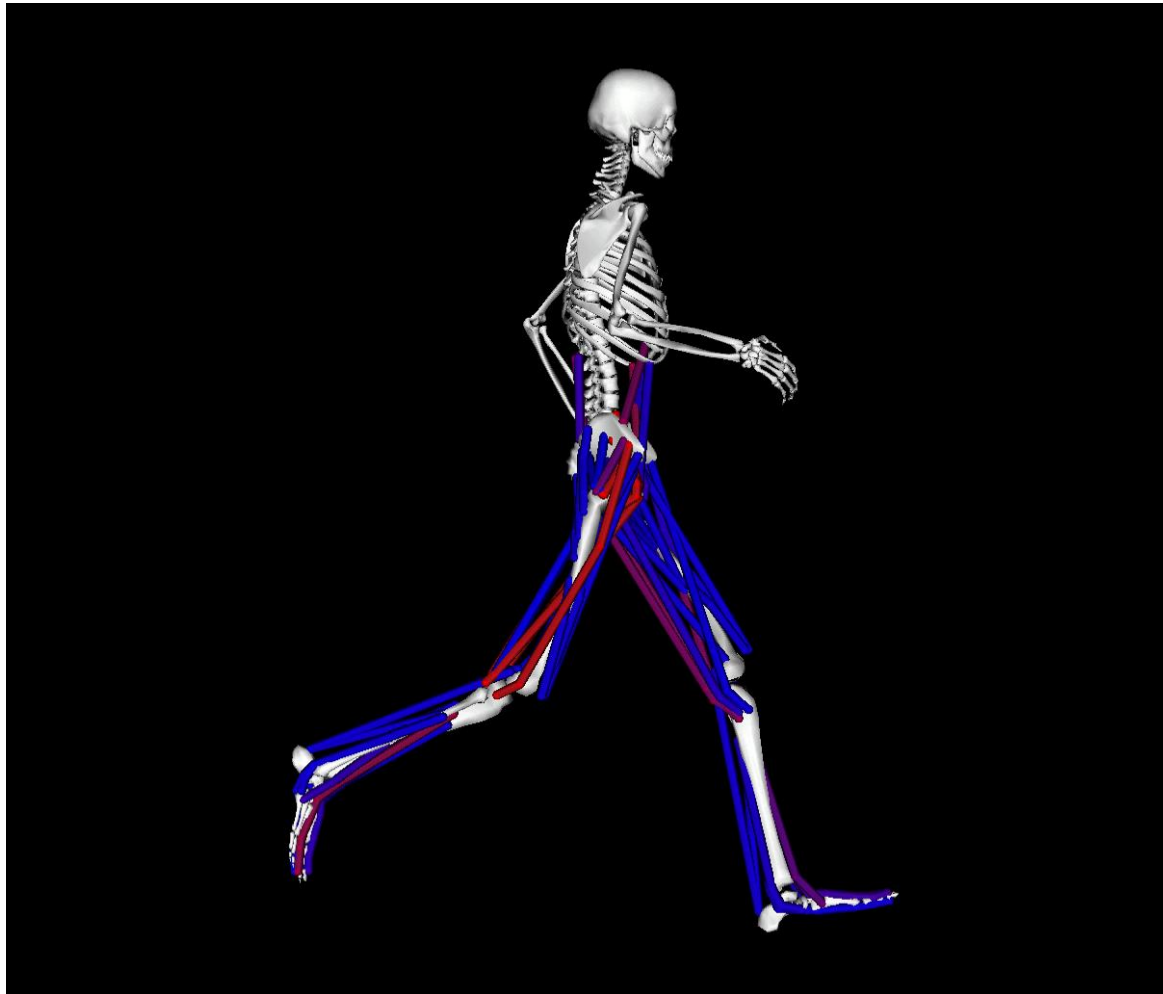
OpenSim is a set of tools

Estimation of Muscle Forces: Static Optimization and Computed Muscle Control



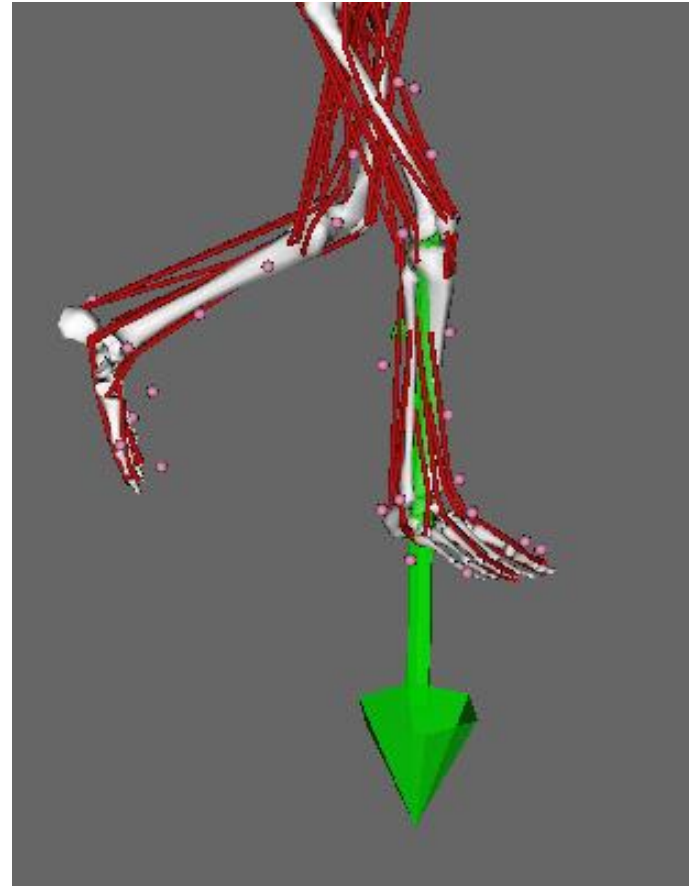
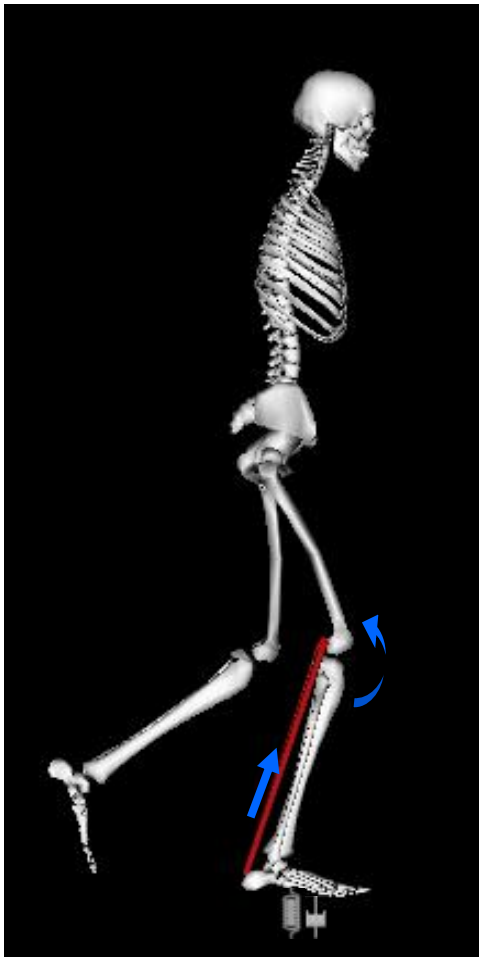
OpenSim is a set of tools

Forward Dynamics

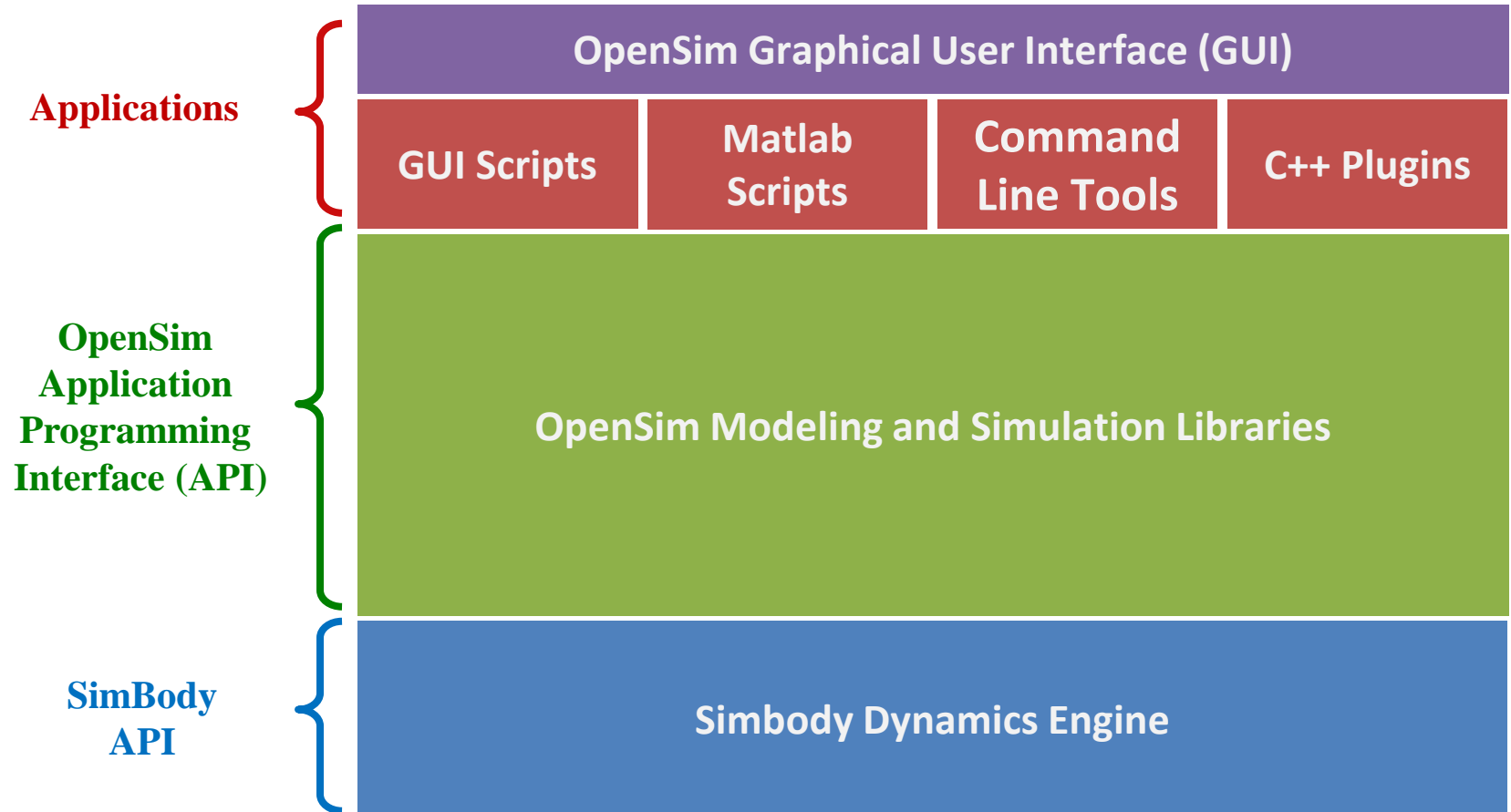


OpenSim is a set of tools

Analyses: Induced Accelerations and Joint Reactions



OpenSim is an extensible software framework



OpenSim is a resource

<http://opensim.stanford.edu>



The banner features a red top section with the NCSRR logo (National Center for Simulation in Rehabilitation Research) and the OpenSim Community logo (a stylized figure in a blue circle). Below the red section is a blue background with a wireframe human figure and mathematical formulas. A white box on the right contains the OpenSim logo and text describing the software as state-of-the-art simulation software for advancing research in rehabilitation science. At the bottom right, a call to action encourages users to see great work, join the community, and find support, events, and resources.

NCSRR
NATIONAL CENTER
FOR SIMULATION IN
REHABILITATION
RESEARCH

OpenSim Community

- SEE THE WORK
- JOIN THE COMMUNITY
- FIND SUPPORT, EVENTS, & RESOURCES

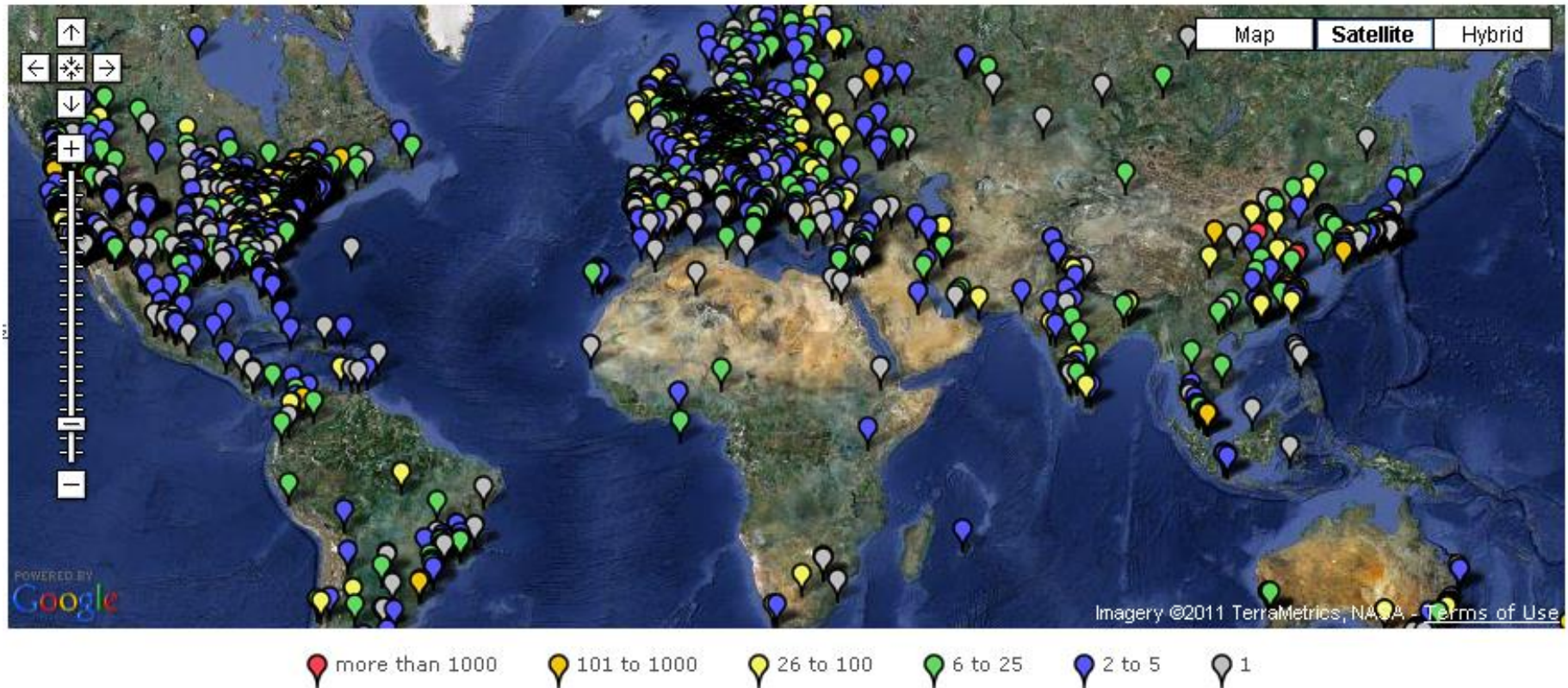
OpenSim
State-of-the-art
simulation software
advancing research
in rehabilitation science

**SEE THE GREAT WORK,
JOIN THE OPENSIM COMMUNITY
TO GET STARTED, AND
FIND THE SUPPORT, EVENTS,
& RESOURCES YOU NEED
TO SUCCEED.**

OpenSim is a worldwide community

86702 Page Hits in the past 180 Days (9742 Unique Visitors)

2345 Stanford Page Hits (81 Unique Visitors)



OpenSim is a team of contributors:



Scott Delp



Ayman Habib



Jennifer Hicks



Jeff Reinbolt



Ajay Seth



Michael Sherman



Edith Arnold



Matt DeMers



Sam Hamner



Chand John



Kat Steele



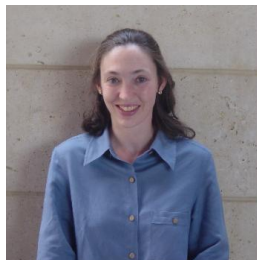
Melanie Fox



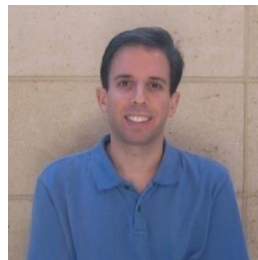
Peter Eastman



Clay Anderson



Allison Arnold



Eran Guendelman



May Liu



Peter Loan



Darryl Thelen



You!

Objectives for the Workshop

- Familiarize with the OpenSim software
- Gain more insight in the Opensim workflow using the provided motion capture data:
 - Learn how to pre-process the data
 - Learn how to prepare your models
 - Learn the underlying theory, best practices, and trouble shooting tips for scaling, inverse kinematics and muscle analysis through hands-on practice
- Have clear directions about where to look for help and resources if needed

The Workshop Software

- OpenSim 3.3



Getting the most out of the workshop:

- Feel free of interrupting me at any time with questions
- Help each other
- Consult the online resources
- Still need help? Online forum (simtk website)
- Be patient, have fun and take breaks!

How we hope you will respond:

- Continue to use OpenSim in your research
- Develop musculoskeletal models and simulations, and contribute them to the biomechanics community
- Use OpenSim in your teaching and contribute new teaching materials
- Add features to the software and share with others

Disclaimers

- This workshop materials and simulations have been developed for educational and training purposes, not to be used in research.
- Used data are from the Grand Challenge competition 5, you can find more data at <https://simtk.org/projects/kneeloads>
- Some material has been adapted from a previous workshop, held at GCMAS 2015. We acknowledge the authors of that original material, available at <https://simtk-confluence.stanford.edu/display/OpenSim/GCMAS+Tutorial+2015>

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Faculty introduction



INSTITUT de
BIOMÉCANIQUE HUMAINE
GEORGES CHARPAK



Luca Modenese

Research Fellow

Imperial College/University of Sheffield



2013: PhD in Biomechanics (Imperial College London)

2013: Visiting Scholar Stanford University

2013-2017 PostDoc at Griffith University and Sheffield University

2017 Imperial College Research Fellow

Research Interest:

Musculoskeletal models of the lower limb for clinical applications.

Applications relate to:

Cerebral palsy, juvenile idiopathic arthritis, knee osteoarthritis.

Goal is to:

Improve clinical practice through pathology identification, discrimination and outcome prediction.

Clément Favier

PhD student
Imperial College London



2014: Diplôme d'Ingénieur Mécanique (Polytech Montpellier)
2015: MSc Biomedical Engineering (ENSAM Paris)
2015-2017: PhD at Imperial College London

Research Interest:

Musculoskeletal and finite elements modelling of the spine.

Applications relate to:

Lower back pain treatments, study of balance recovery.

Goal is to:

Understand how different activities can influence the loadings applied to the structures of the spine and lead to back pain.

Florent Moissenet

Ingénieur en biomécanique (PhD)

*Centre National de Rééducation Fonctionnelle
et de Réadaptation - Rehazenter, Luxembourg*

2008: Diplôme d'Ingénieur Mécanique (IFMA, Clermont-Ferrand)

2011: PhD in Biomechanics (LBMC, Université Lyon 1)

2011-current: Research and clinical supervision of the Rehazenter's gait lab

Research Interest:

Musculoskeletal models of the lower limb for clinical applications

Applications relate to:

Stroke, Cerebral palsy

Goal is to:

Better identify the contribution of each clinical impairment to gait abnormalities